

# Can short-term hydrogeological experiments predict the long-term behavior of subsurface reservoirs?

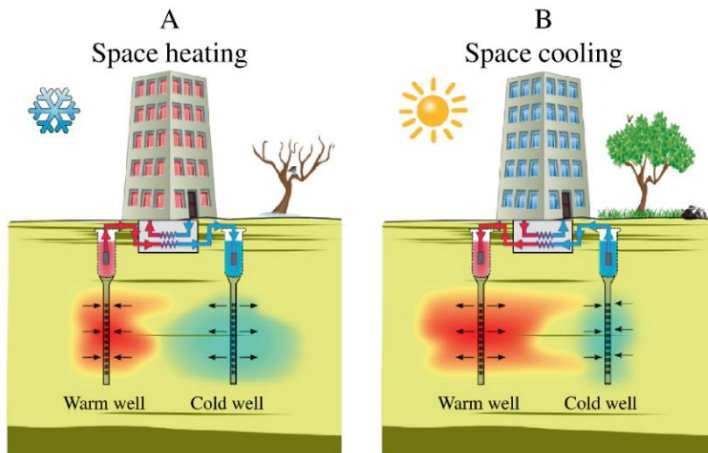
## An example from shallow geothermy

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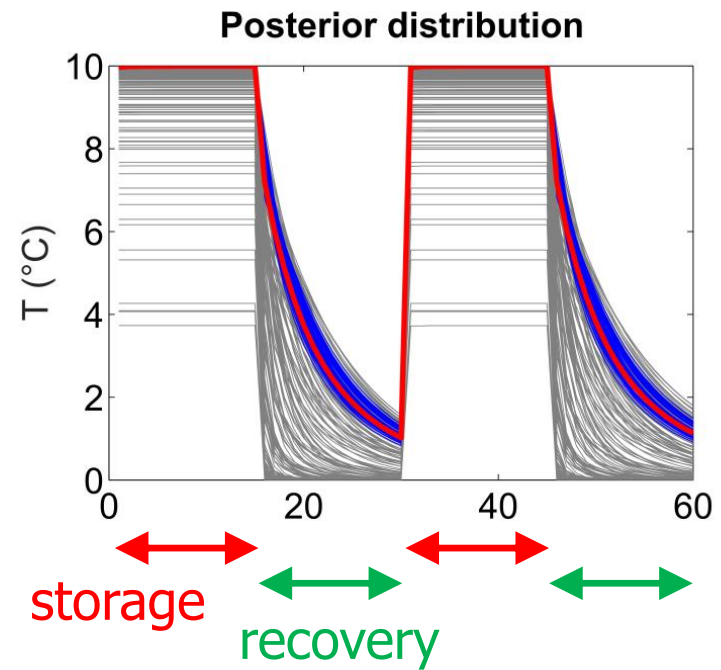
IAH 2018 congress  
Session T9-3  
FP101

# In ATES design, storage capacity is the prediction



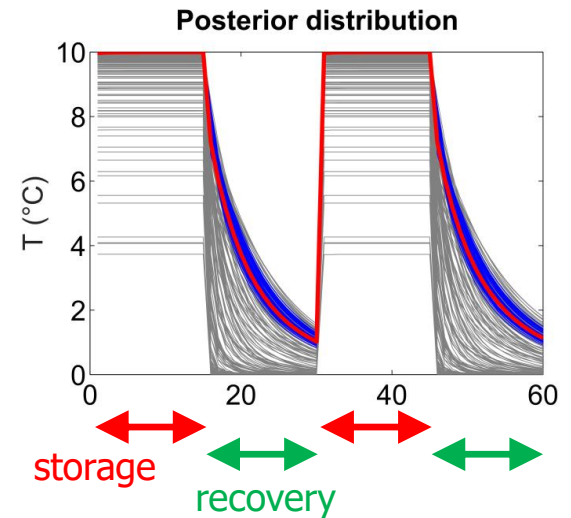
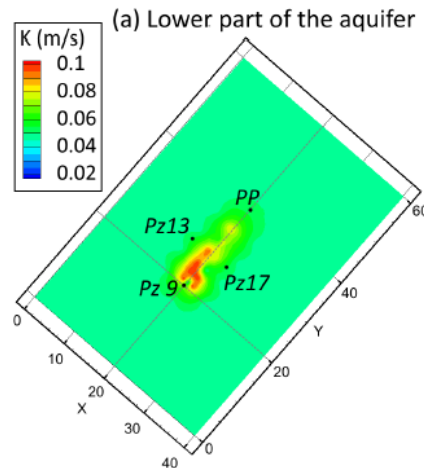
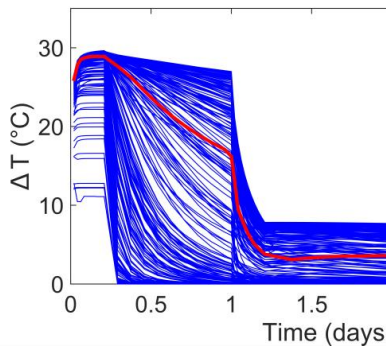
Modified after Bonte (2013)

$$h = T(t)$$



To obtain this prediction,  
the classical way is the deterministic approach

**Data** → **Model** → **Prediction**



$$h = T(t)$$

# Is this approach satisfactory?

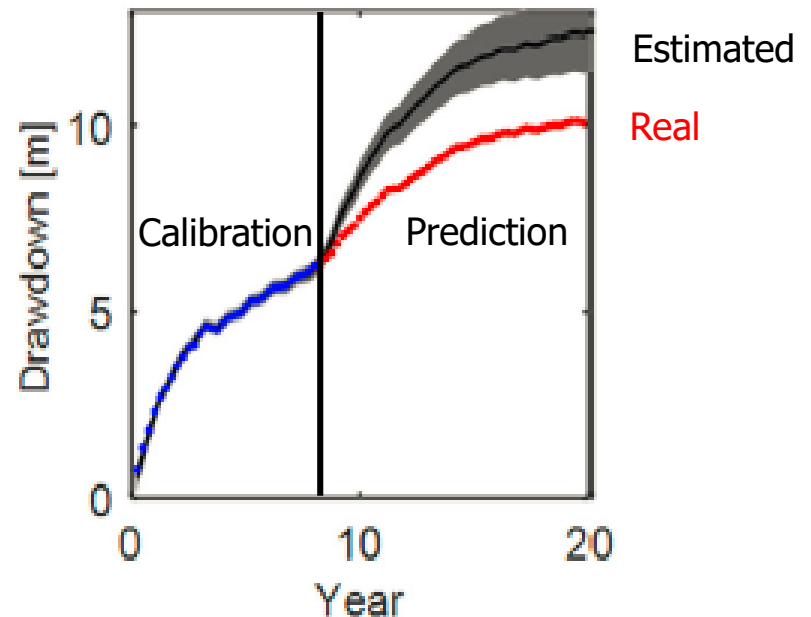
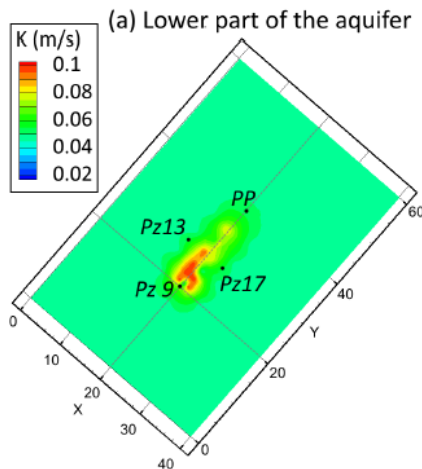


# Models often fail to predict within the correct range

## Model



## Prediction



We have to consider prior uncertainty!

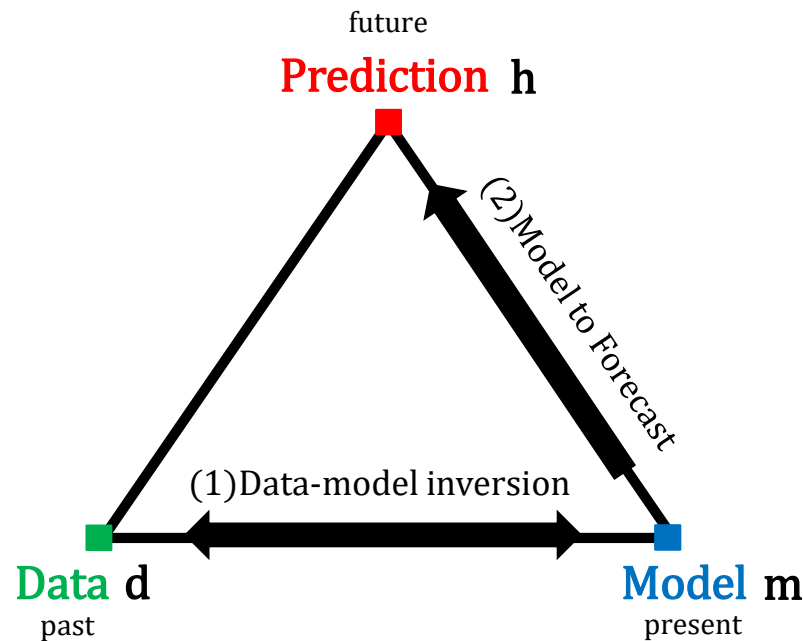
Introduction

**The BEL framework**

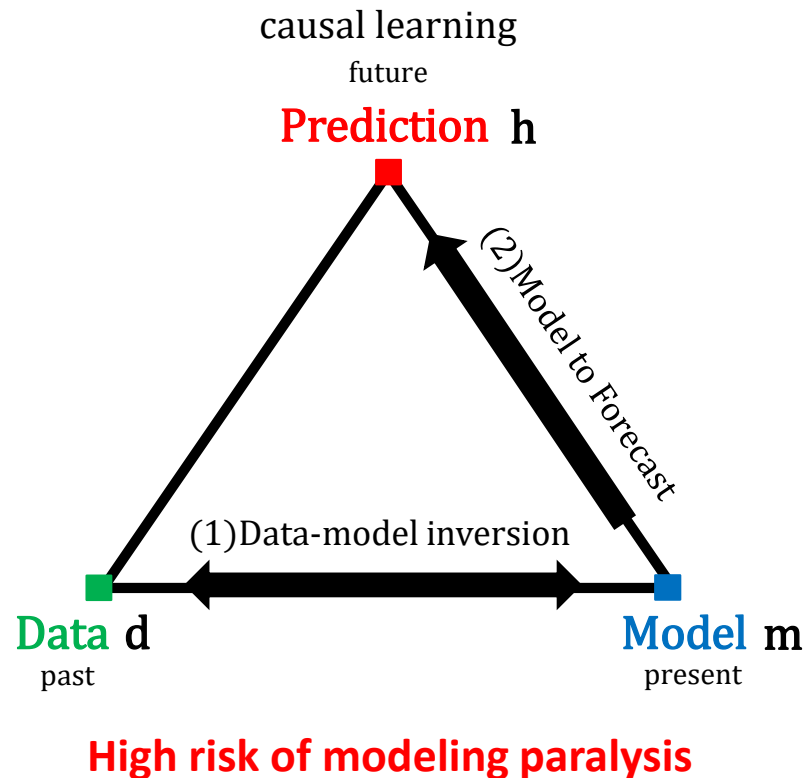
Its validation

Answering the question

# A change of paradigm is necessary

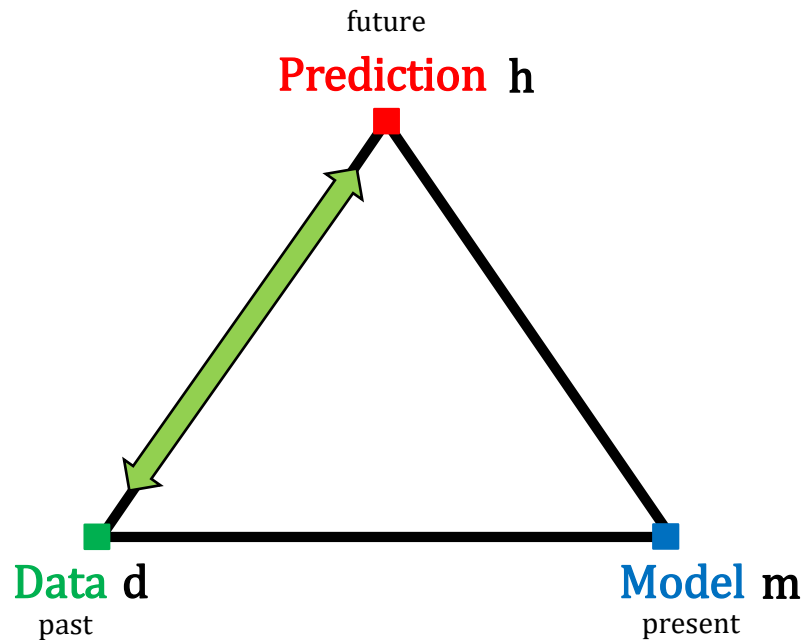


# A change of paradigm is necessary

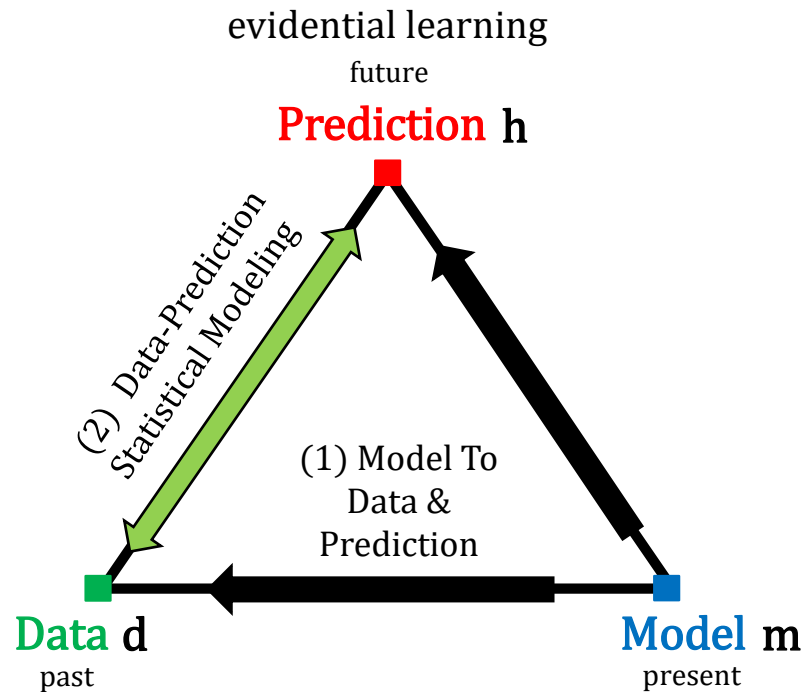




# What if we could find a direct relationship between the past and the future?

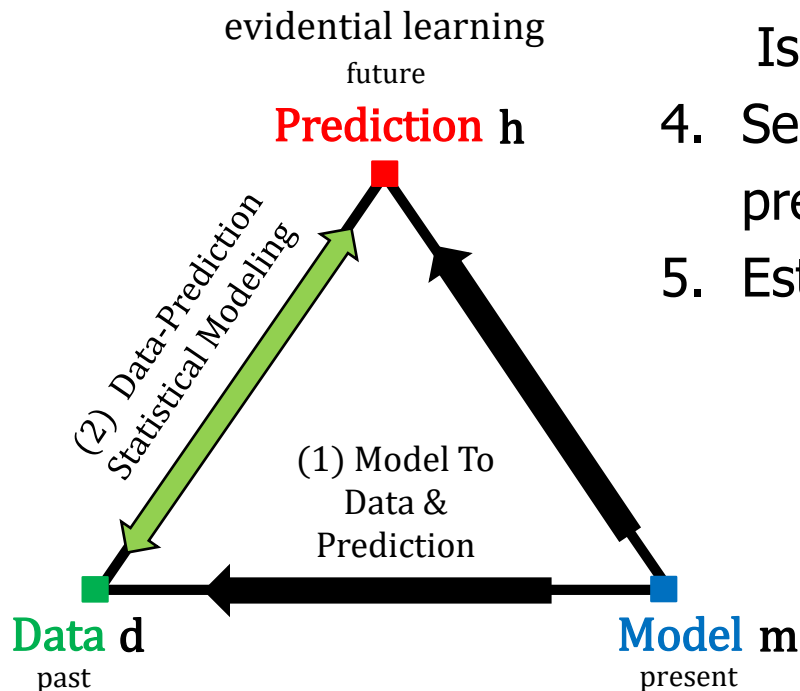


# Bayesian Evidential Learning (BEL)



# Bayesian Evidential Learning (BEL)

1. Generate realistic models (not calibrated) based on our geological knowledge
2. Simulate our data sets and our prediction
3. Assess the sensitivity of both  
Is the data informative?
4. Seek a direct relationship between data and prediction
5. Estimate the real prediction with field data



Introduction

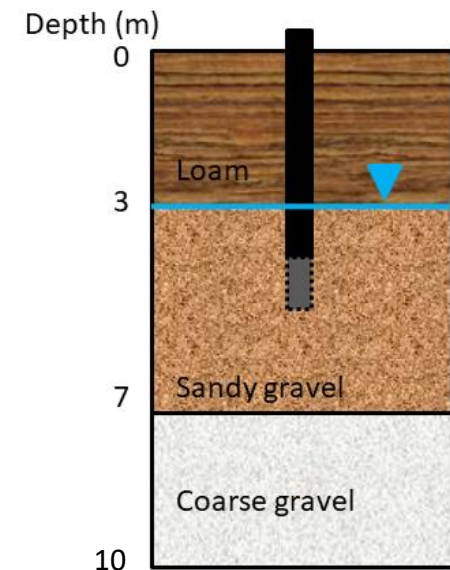
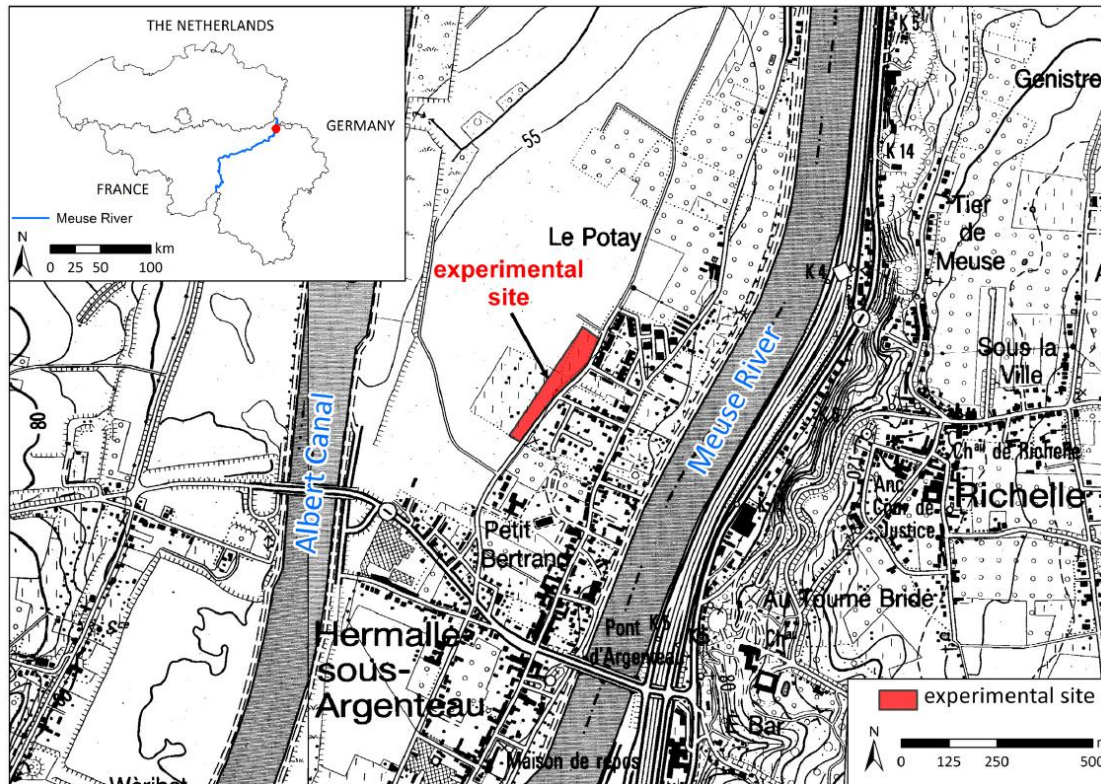
The BEL framework

**Its validation**

Answering the question

# Prior information

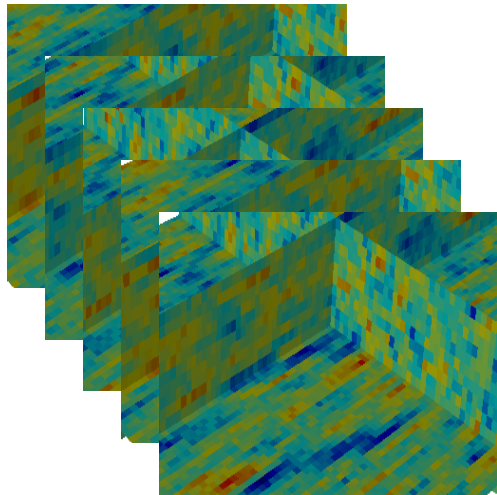
## HssA site



# 1. Generating Surrogate models

What do we know, what do we ignore ?

## Models



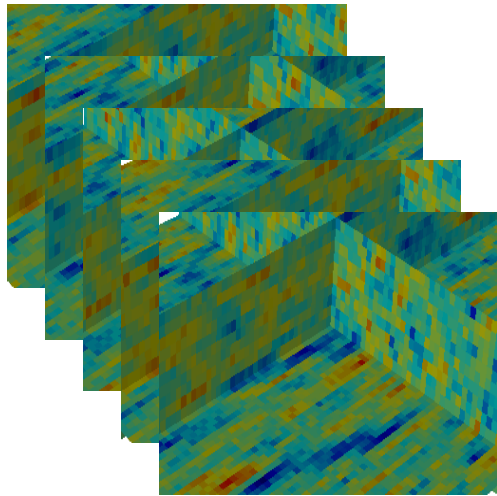
500 realizations =  
**surrogate models**

Parameters	Status	Value
Mean of $\log_{10} K$ (m/s)	Variable	U[-4 -1]
Variance $\log_{10} K$ (m/s)	Variable	U[0.05 1.5]
Range (m)	Variable	U[1 10]
Anisotropy ratio	Variable	U[0.5 10]
Orientation	Variable	U[- $\pi/4$ - $\pi/4$ ]
Porosity	Variable	U[0.05 0.40]
Gradient (%)	Variable	U[0 0.167]
Other parameters	Fixed	

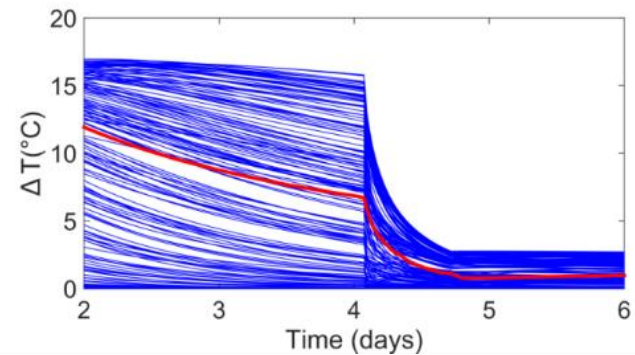
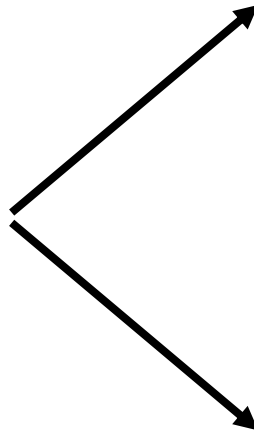
## 2. Simulate **d** and **h**

prior data and prediction variables

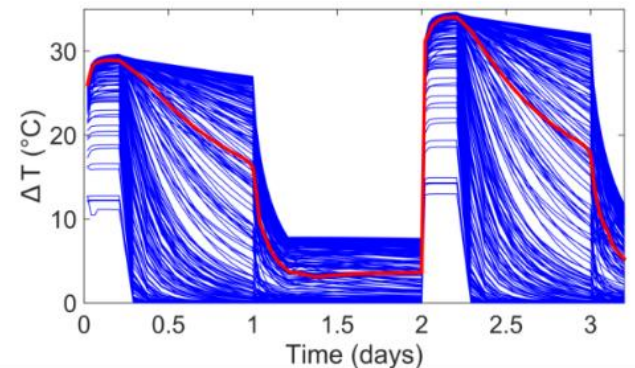
### Models



500 realizations =  
**surrogate models**



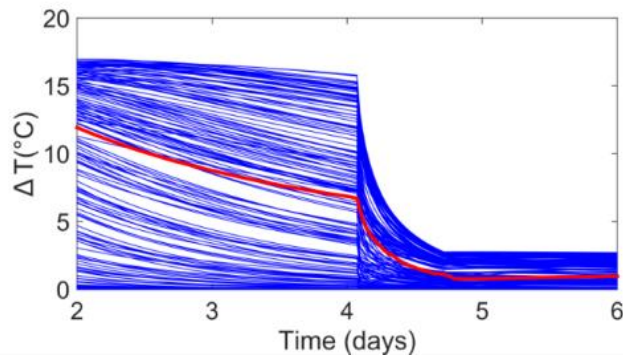
**d**



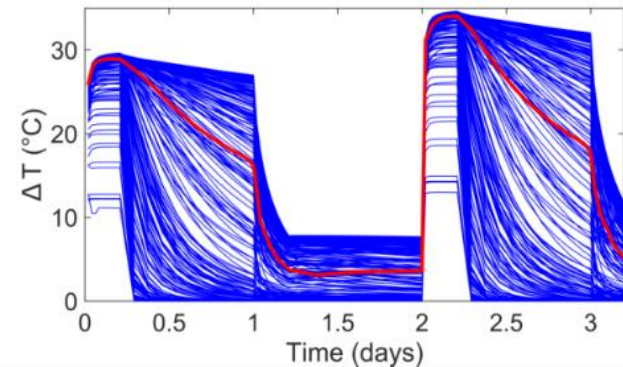
**h**

# 3. Global sensitivity analysis

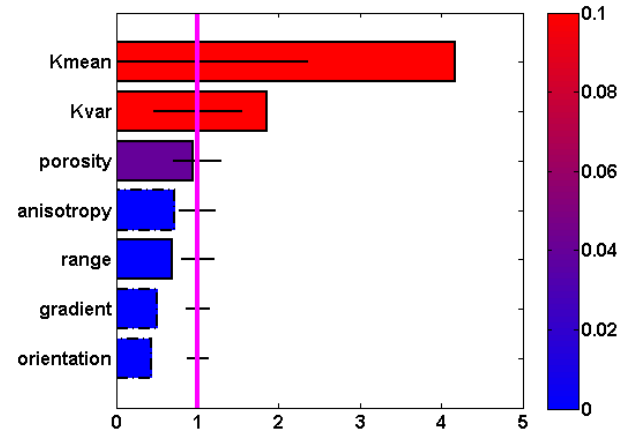
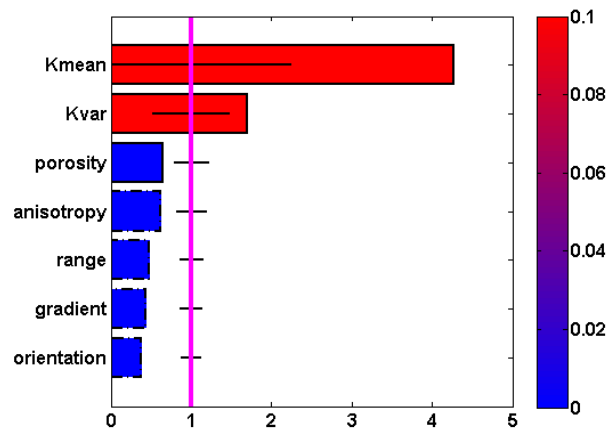
Is the data informative for the prediction?



d



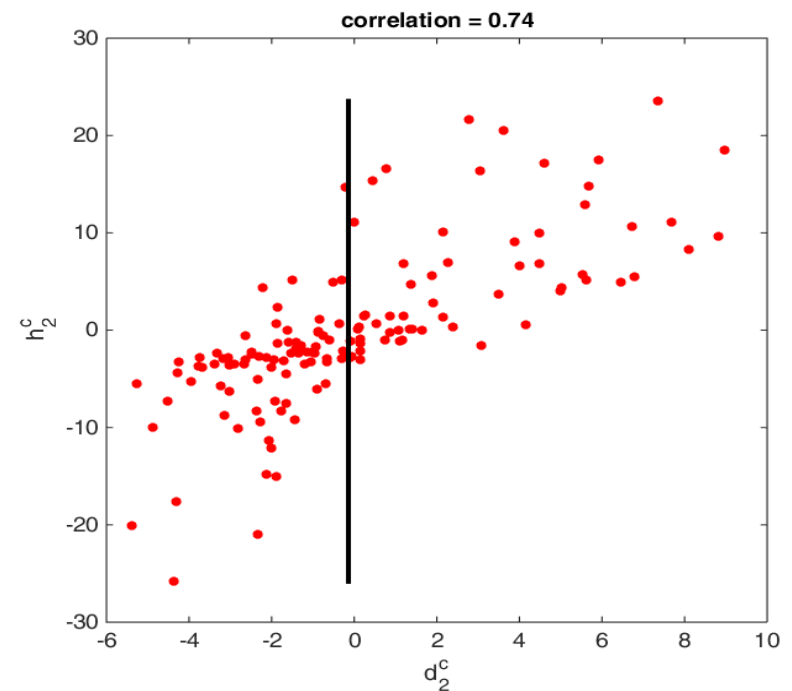
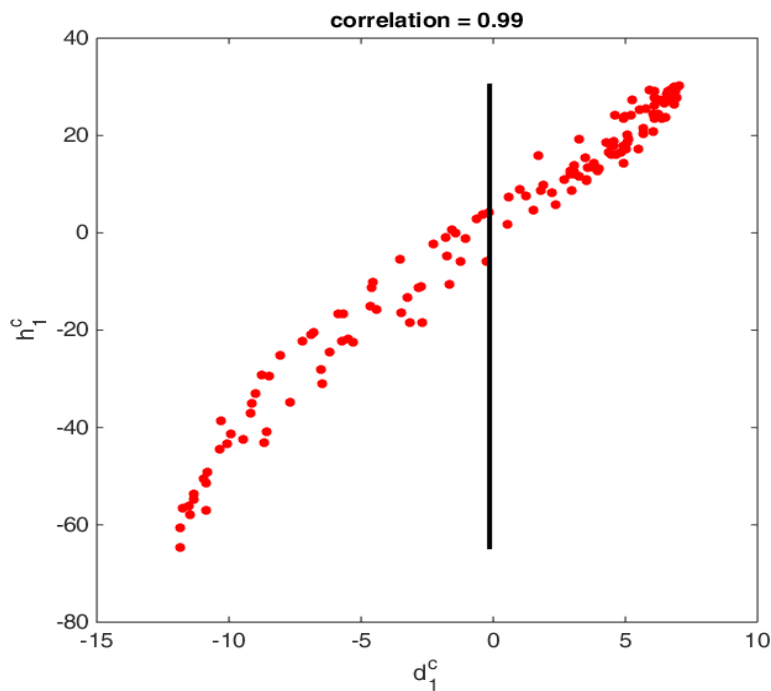
h





# 4. Any statistical relationship?

Dimension reduction with PCA and linearization with CCA



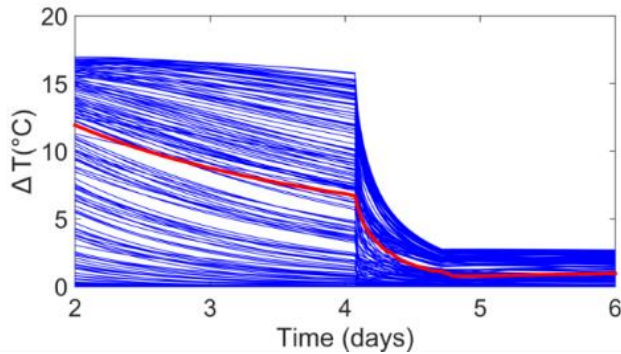
models from the prior



field observations

# 5. Posterior distribution

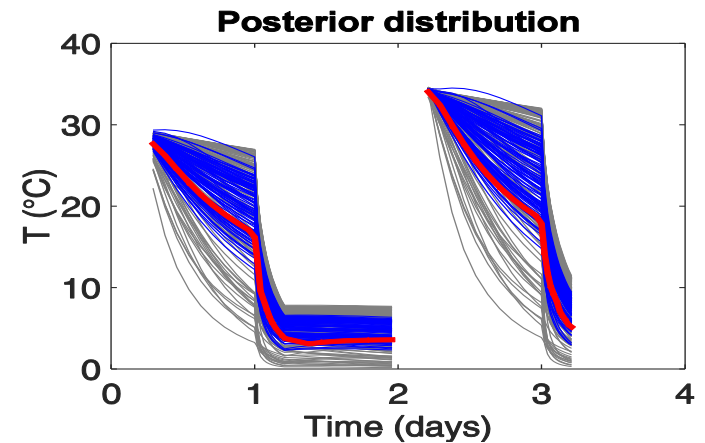
Predictions associated with posterior uncertainty



**d** **h**

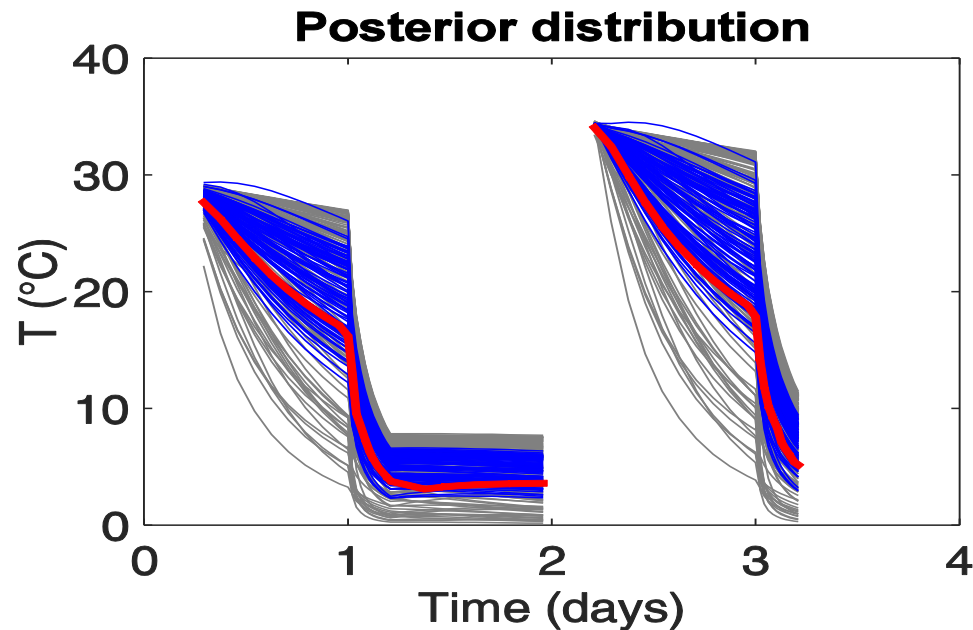
A red arrow points from the green letter 'd' to the red letter 'h'.

Adding real data  
(red line)



# We used one test to predict the second one

The reality lies in the posterior distribution → validation!



# BEL shows you at least the good direction



Introduction

The BEL framework

Its validation

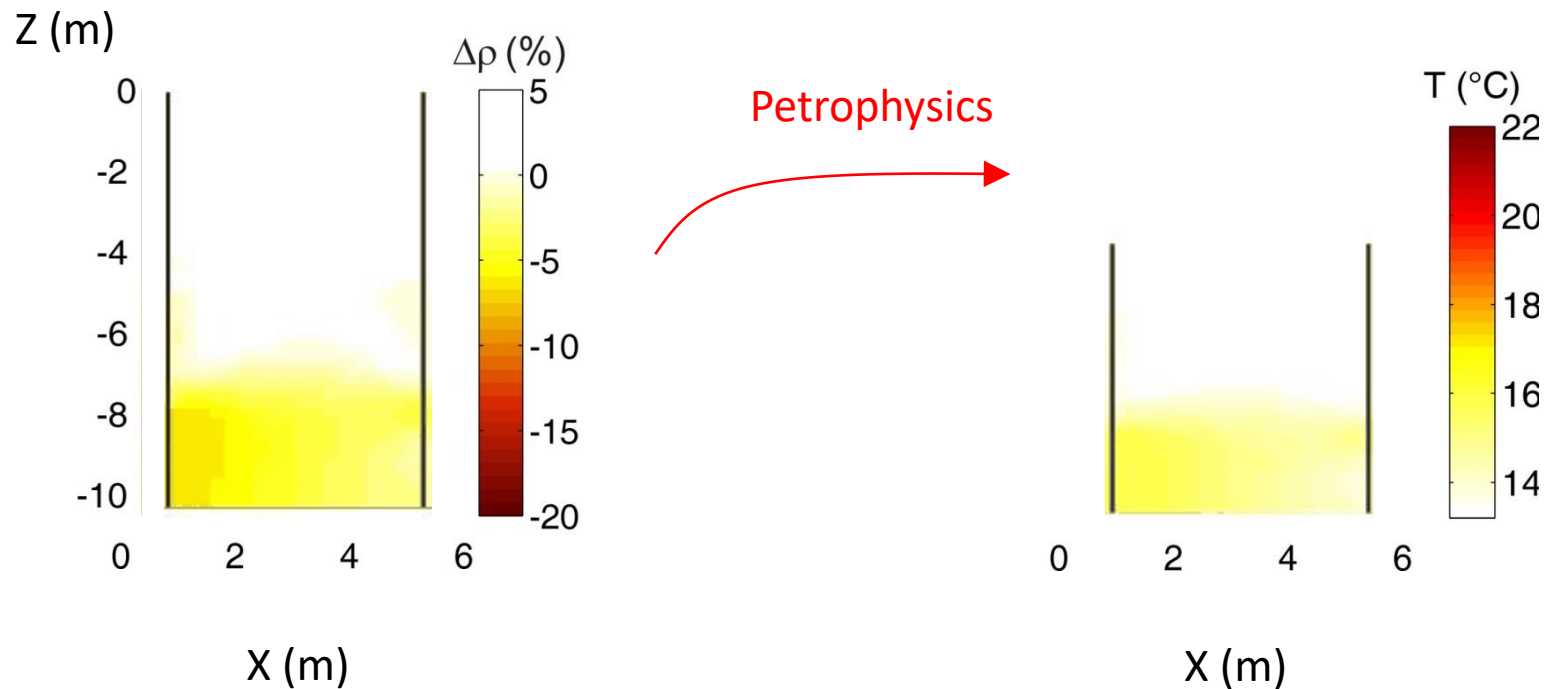
**Answering the question**

Can short-term hydrogeological experiments predict the long-term behavior of subsurface reservoirs?

Let's find out with two types of data

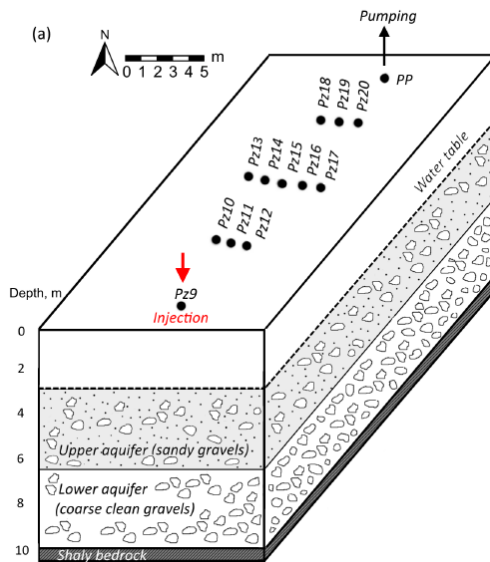
# Time-lapse ERT

ERT is Electrical Resistivity Tomography and can follow T

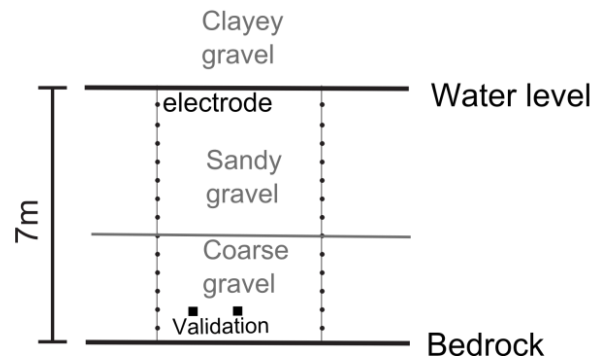


# Time-lapse ERT

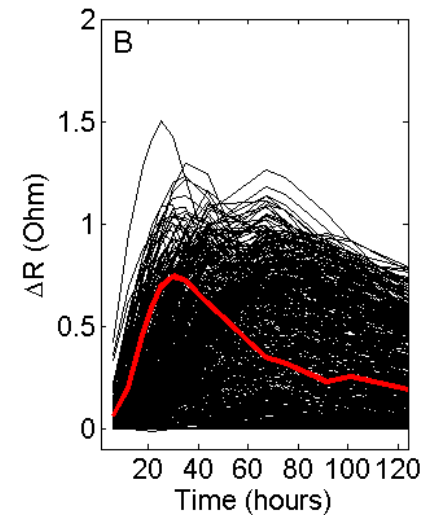
## The set-up



## Cross-section of the ERT panel



## The data

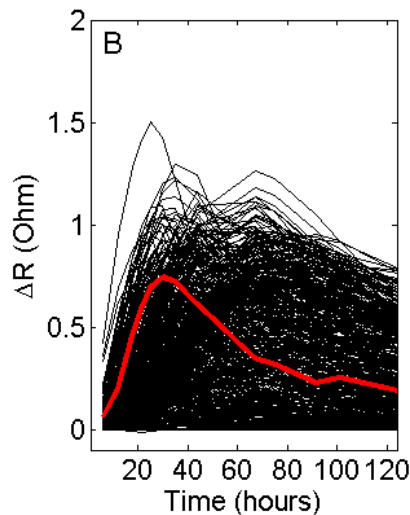




# Time-lapse ERT is clearly informative!

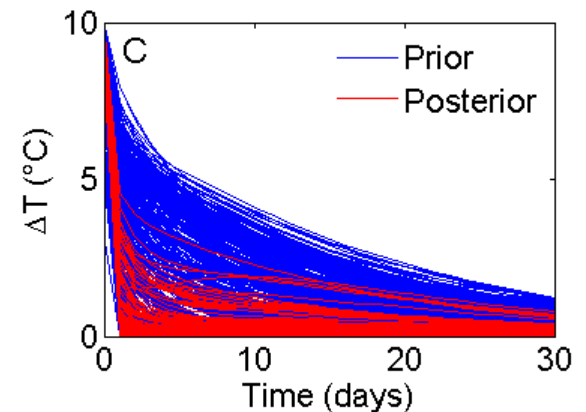
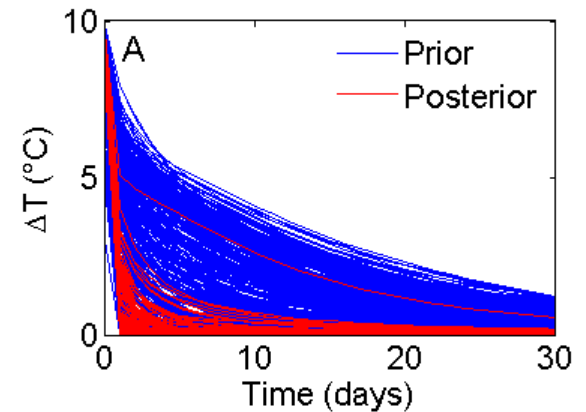
**h**

**d**



1<sup>st</sup> day of the test

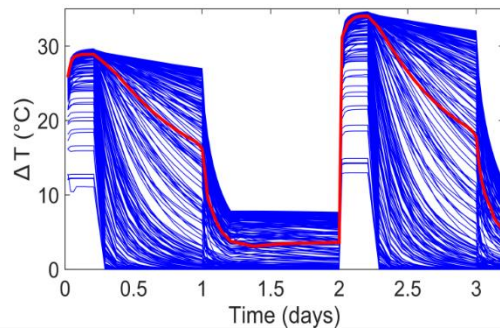
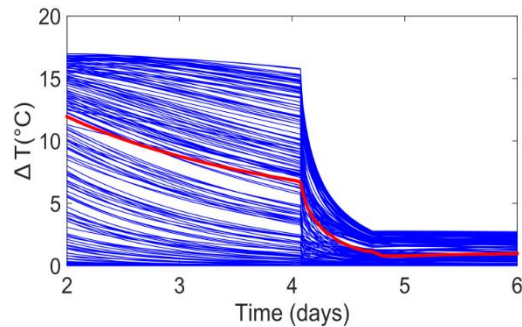
The whole test (5 days)



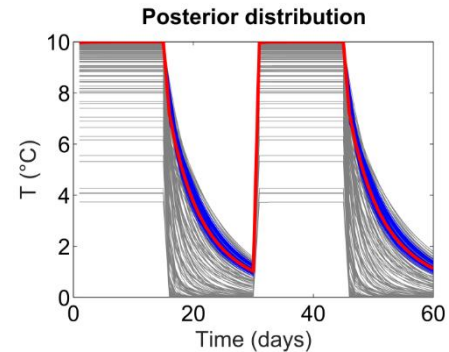
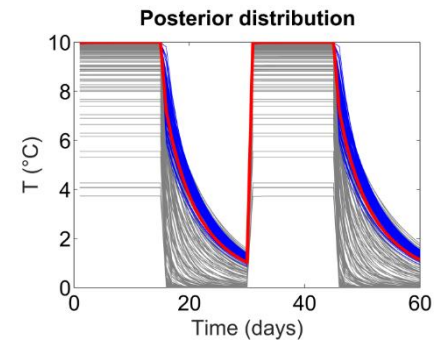
1 day of data is informative enough!

Simple or short push/pull tests  
are as informative as more complex ones

d



h



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predict the long-term behavior of subsurface reservoirs?

Yes, it can!

Can short-term hydrogeological experiments  
predict the long-term behavior of subsurface reservoirs?

Yes, it can!

And BEL allows to quantify  
that in advance

# Any questions?



Groundwater Quality 2019

## Groundwater Quality 2019

The next IAHS conference on Groundwater Quality (**GQ 2019**) will be held in Liège (Belgium) on 9-12 September 2019 !

With the support of IAH, NICOLE, UK CL:AIRE and EU H2020 ITN iINSPIRATION

More information : [aimontefiore.org/GQ2019](http://aimontefiore.org/GQ2019)

Contact: [c.dizier@aim-association.org](mailto:c.dizier@aim-association.org) – [serge.brouyere@uliege.be](mailto:serge.brouyere@uliege.be)

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